SAFETY DATA SHEET



Trace Technologies Overcoat Pen (Green)

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier	: Trace Technologies Overcoat Pen (Green)
Product code	: 2509-GN
Other means of identification	: 2509-GN Date of commencement of manufacture or import December 15, 2023 (23349) Lot Number: 23349 or Lot Number: > 23349 Coating. Industrial/Professional use
Product type	: Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	
Coating.	
Uses advised against Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Manufacturer Techspray 8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152 Tel: 678-819-1408 Toll free: 1-800-858-4043 Fax: 1 806-372-8750 Distributor EMX Enterprises LTD 250 Granton Drive Richmond Hill, ONT Canada L4B 1H7 905-764-0040
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666 Emergency phone: (800) 858-4043 24/7

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/6/2023 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 1/1

Section 2. Hazard identification

Prevention	 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: 2509-GN Date of commencement of manufacture or import December 15, 2023 (23349) Lot Number: 23349 or Lot Number: > 23349 Coating. Industrial/Professional use

Ingredient name	Synonyms	% (w/w)	CAS number	
Normal propyl acetate	Acetic acid, propyl ester; n-Propyl acetate; n-Propyl ester of acetic acid; n-propyl acetate; NPA; 1-propyl acetate; 1-Acetoxypropane; n-propyl ethanoate; n-Propanol acetate; Propyl ethanoate; 1-propyl acetate; Normal propyl acetate; Acetic acid, n- propyl ester	≥10 - ≤30	109-60-4	
Methyl ethyl ketone	ethyl methyl ketone; 2-Butanone; Methyl ethyl ketone; MEK; 2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone); Methyl acetone; butane-2-one; 2-oxobutane; methyl ethyl ketone; butanone-2; ketobutan; MEC; MEETCO; MEK; methyl acetone; methylethylketone; oxobutane; ethylmethylketone;; butan-2-one; Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) (I,T)	≥10 - ≤30	78-93-3	

Ranges if listed above for hazardous ingredient(s) are prescribed ranges. The actual concentration(s) or actual concentration range(s) are being withheld as a trade secret.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Section 4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	ffects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	<u>ets</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>toms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following: Ingestion Seek medical attention.
Indication of immediate me	lical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general soccupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Normal propyl acetate	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Skin sensitizer. OEL: 1040 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 835 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEV: 1040 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 835 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 835 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 6/2022). [propyl acetate isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl ethyl ketone	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). OEL: 885 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 6/2022).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

	 STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEV: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 150 mg/m³ 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
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Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measures	
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Green.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 111°C (231.8°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: -1°C (30.2°F) [Tagliabue]
Evaporation rate	: >1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1.7% Upper: 11%
Vapor pressure	: 10.4 kPa (78 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: >1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.9
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.

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Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name	°C	°F N	lethod
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate	333	631.4	DIN 51794
[1,3,8,16,18,24-hexabromo- 2,4,9,10,11,15,17,22,23,25-decachloro-29H,31H- phthalocyaninato(2-)-N29,N30,N31,N32]copper	376	708.8	EU A.16
Normal propyl acetate	380	716	DIN 51794
Methyl ethyl ketone	404	759.2	

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Decomposition temperature : Not available.
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: Not available.
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Particle characteristics
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Median particle size
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Viscosity

: Not applicable.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Date of issue/Date of revision

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acı	ute	toxi	city	
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Normal propyl acetate Methyl ethyl ketone	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit	9370 mg/kg 6480 mg/kg 2737 mg/kg	- - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Normal propyl acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Methyl ethyl ketone	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit	-	500 mg 24 hours 14	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl ethyl ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential acute health effects	<u>s</u>	
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	:	Do not ingest. If swallowed then seek immediate medical assistance.
Symptoms related to the phy	<u>/sic</u>	cal, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	1	No specific data.
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion		No specific data. Adverse symptoms may include the following:
ingestion		Ingestion Seek medical attention.
-		
-		Ingestion Seek medical attention.
Delayed and immediate effect	<u>cts</u>	Ingestion Seek medical attention.
<u>Delayed and immediate effect</u> <u>Short term exposure</u> Potential immediate	<u>ets</u> :	Ingestion Seek medical attention.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	<u>ets</u> :	Ingestion Seek medical attention. and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects	<u>: ts</u> :	Ingestion Seek medical attention. and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available.
Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate	: : :	Ingestion Seek medical attention. and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available. Not available.
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Delayed and immediate effect Short term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Long term exposure Potential immediate effects Potential delayed effects Potential delayed effects Potential chronic health eff Not available. General	: : : : :	Ingestion Seek medical attention. and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Not available. Not available. Not available. S Not available. S No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Normal propyl acetate Methyl ethyl ketone		N/A N/A	N/A N/A	N/A N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Normal propyl acetate Methyl ethyl ketone	Acute LC50 60000 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 >500000 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 5091000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	96 hours 96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Normal propyl acetate	1.4	-	Low
Methyl ethyl ketone	0.3	-	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	TDG Classification	DOT Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	-	-
Date of issue/Date of r	revision : 12/6/202	3 Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version :1 10/1

Section 14. Transport information

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Environmental hazards	No.		No.	No.		No.	
Additional inform	nation						
TDG Classificati	on			classified as per the fore egulations: 2.18-2.19		of the Trans	portation of Dangerous
DOT Classificati	on	si	: <u>Reportable quantity</u> 33333.3 lbs / 15133.3 kg [4442 gal / 16814.8 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.				
Special precautio	ns for user	up	oright ai		at persons transp		sed containers that are oduct know what to do in
Transport in bulk	according	: N	ot availa	able.			

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

Canadian lists

- Canadian NPRI
- : The following components are listed: propylene glycol methyl ether acetate; propyl acetate (all isomers); methyl ethyl ketone; copper (and its compounds)
- **CEPA Toxic substances** : None of the components are listed.

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals
Not listed.
Montreal Protocol Not listed.
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants
Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol o	n <mark>POPs a</mark> r	<u>nd Heavy</u>	<u>Metals</u>
Not listed.			

Inventory list

inventory not		
Australia	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Canada	:	All components are listed or exempted.
China	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Eurasian Economic Union	:	Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.
Japan	:	Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
New Zealand	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan	:	All components are listed or exempted.
Thailand	:	Not determined.
Turkey	:	All components are listed or exempted.
United States	:	All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam	:	All components are listed or exempted.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>	
Date of printing	: 12/6/2023
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 12/6/2023
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals HPR = Hazardous Products Regulations IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method

References

: Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.